

Vipros 357 Queen User Pre-installation Guide



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Warning

- ☐ Qualified personnel must complete all work.
- ☐ Do not apply power to the Vipros 357 Queen until an A.E.S.I. (Amada Engineering and Service Incorporated) Engineer is present and has instructed you to do so.

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Introduction

This manual describes the tasks that the purchaser of a Vipros 357 Queen must complete before calling the service organization to complete the installation and operator training.

An overview of the preparations is as follows:

- ☐ Plan the location of the Vipros 357 Queen in the shop, taking into account all the maintenance areas indicated on the floor plan.
- ☐ Prepare the Vipros 357 Queen floor or foundation as required.
- ☐ Uncrate the Vipros 357 Queen and Fanuc O4PC control and place them on the foundation, but do not fill the anchor-bolt holes (if used) until after A.E.S.I. completes the initial installation.
- ☐ Install the Vipros 357 Queen and SBC EX 5.5 Chiller electrical supply.
- ☐ Install the air supply.
- ☐ Remove the protective coating from the surface of the Vipros 357 Queen

Note: It is the purchaser's responsibility to install any safety devices to ensure the safety area.

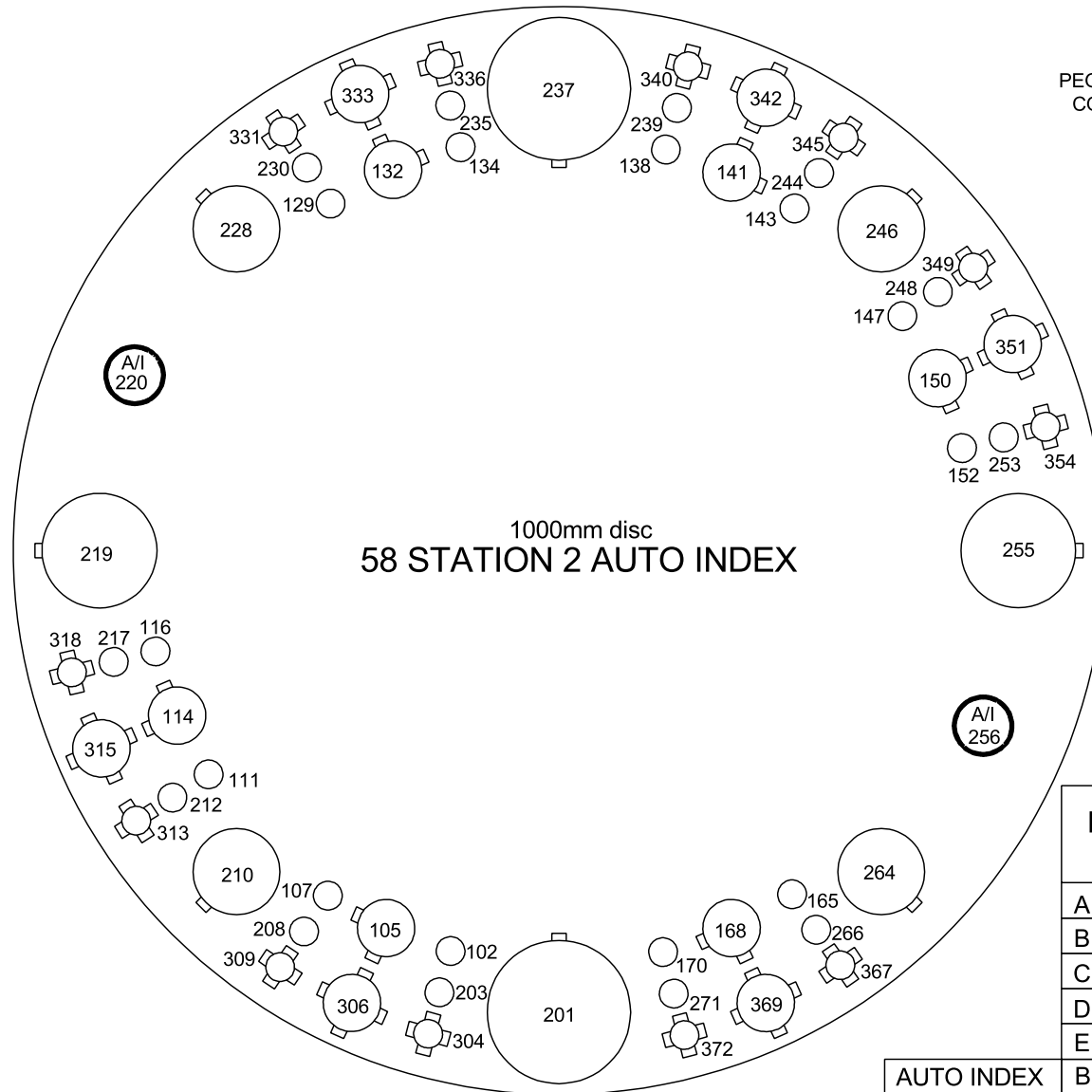
Motion Package Specifications

Travel Method	X and Y axes work piece movement
Control Method	X, Y, T & C
Drive Motors	Fanuc AC Servo (X, Y, T, C)
Maximum Sheet Size	50" (Y) x 144" (X) with one repositioning cycle
Maximum Sheet Thickness	0.250"
Maximum Material Weight	220 lb.
Maximum Axis Travel	72" (X) by 50" (Y)
Max. Linear Table Speed	3929 IPM
Punching Accuracy	±0.004"
Positioning Accuracy	±0.001"
Repeatability	±0.001"

Punching System Specifications

Press Capacity	33 Tons		
Press Stroke	1.575"		
Stroke Rate (X/Y)	Pitch	Stroke	Stroke Rate
	0.079"	0.118"	520/420
	1.000"	0.315"	275/240
Maximum Hole Diameter	4.500"		
Tool Type	Amada Thick Turret		
Turret Rotation Speed	30 RPM		

58 Station - 2 Auto-Index Turret Configuration



PEGA 345, PEGA 345 King, PEGA 357, PEGA 367
COMA 555, COMA 557, COMA 567, COMA 588
VIPROS 345, VIPROS 357, VIPROS 367
VIPROS 357 Queen, VIPROS 367 Queen

MAXIMUM SIZE ROUND		NUMBER OF STATIONS (KEYED)
A	1/2" (12.7mm)	36 (12)
B	1 1/4" (31.7mm)	12 (12)
C	2" (50.8mm)	4 (4)
D	3 1/2" (88.9mm)	2 (2)
E	4 1/2" (114.3mm)	2 (2)
AUTO INDEX		
B	1 1/4" (31.7mm)	2 (2)

Fanuc O4PC Controller

Model	Fanuc O4PC(with PHNC)
Control Function	X, Y, T & C
Input Method	MDI, Paper Tape, DNC
Minimum Command Unit	0.001" (X, Y) .01 ⁰ (C)
Minimum Travel Unit	0.001" (X, Y) .01 ⁰ (C)
Operating Modes	Automatic, MDI & Manual
Display Modes	Program Contents, Position Information, Program Check, Parameters, Tool Hit Counter, Self Diagnostics
Interlock Displays	Oil Temperature, Door Open

Hydraulic Systems Specifications

Power Hydraulic Numerical Control

Ram Cycle Patterns	65 total
	Punching 2
	Nibbling 1
	Forming 50
	Marking 4
	Knockouts 4
	Slitting 4
Minimum Increment	0.01mm

Hydraulic Power Unit

Model	Yuken
Dual Operating Pressure	100 kgf cm ² & 195 kgf cm ²
Oil Type	Mobil DTE [®] Excel 46 <small>(formerly called Mobil Hydraulic Oil NZ 46)</small>
Oil Capacity	40 Gallons

Supply Requirements

Electrical Power Supply	Vipros 357 Queen SBC EX 5.5Chiller*	230 / 460 3ph $\pm 10\%$, 30 KVA 230 or 460 3ph $\pm 10\%$, 15 kVA
Air Supply		80 psi @ 8.8 ft ³ /min.

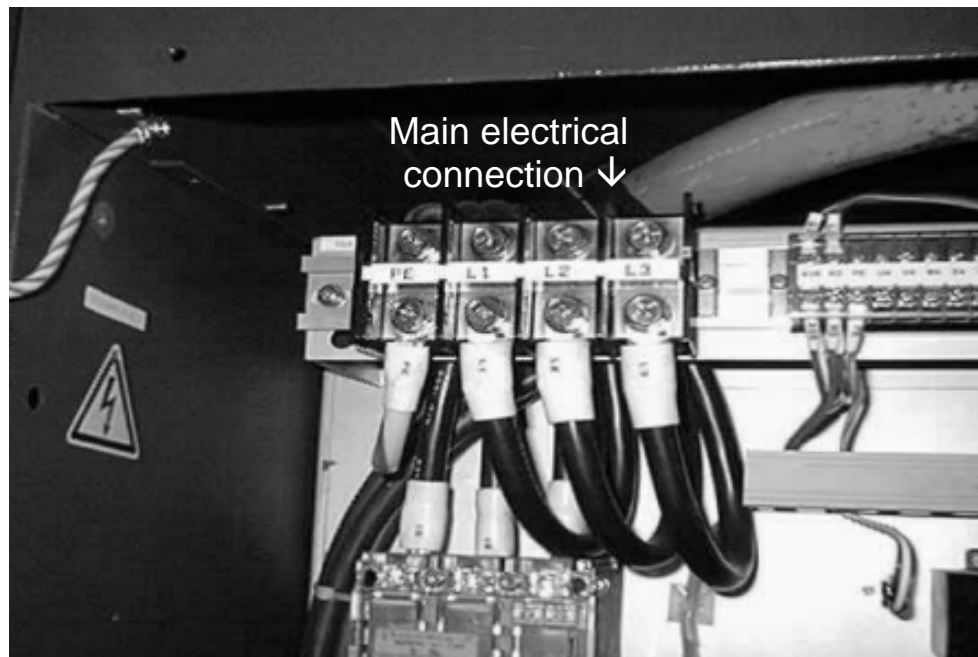
*The SBC EX 5.5 Chiller voltage must be specified when machine is ordered.

Installing the Electrical Power Supply

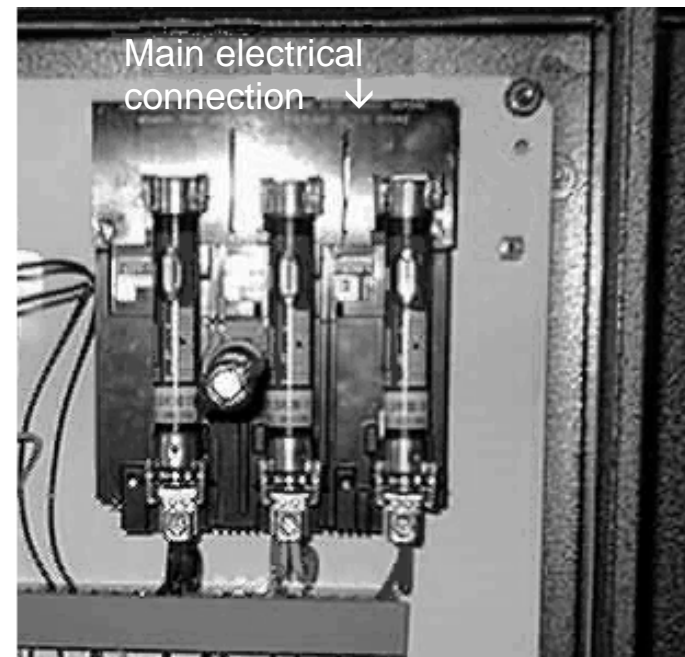
The Vipros 357 Queen requires two separate electrical power sources. The first power source is supplied to the Fanuc O4PC. The other supply source must go to the SBC EX 5.5 Chiller. The Vipros 357 Queen should be supplied from a power line separate from those for welding machines or other machines that produce electrical noise.

- ❑ The Vipros 357 Queen Electrical inlet is 64" above floor level at the rear of the Fanuc O4PC control.
- ❑ The SBC EX 5.5 Chiller Electrical inlet is approximately 53" above floor level.

Vipros 357 Queen electrical enclosure



SBC EX 5.5 Chiller electrical enclosure



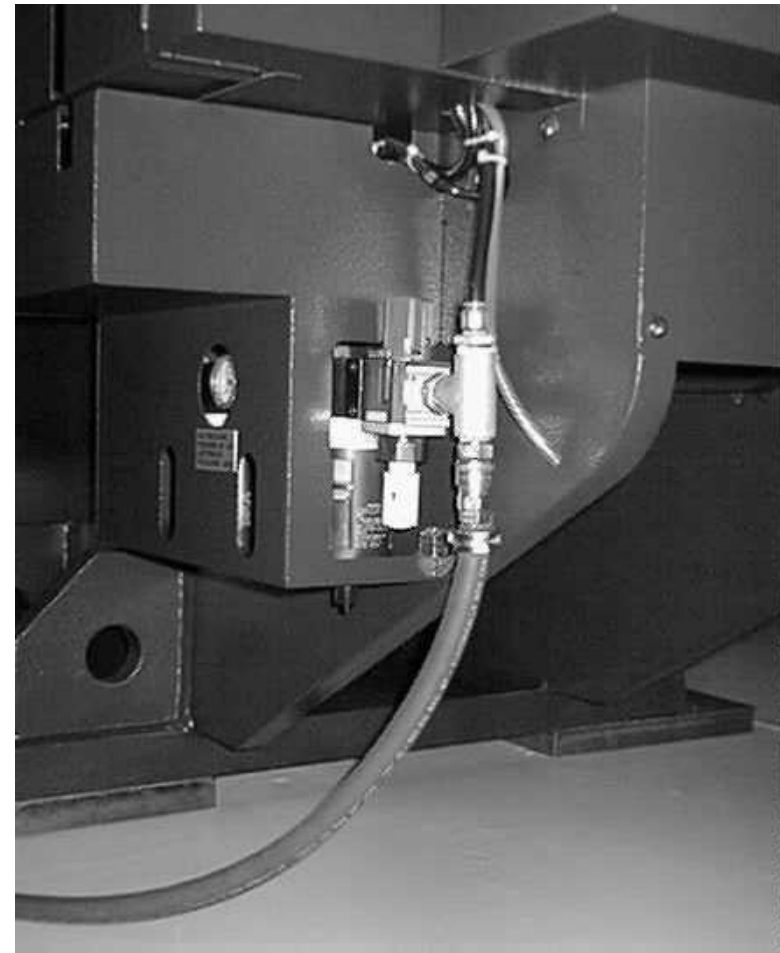
Installing the Air Supply

The Vipros 357 Queen must be connected to a compressed air system by hose or pipe. The compressed air must be clean and dry.

Please note the following:

- ❑ The minimum inner pipe diameter is ½".
- ❑ The air pressure required is 80 psi.
- ❑ The air volume required is 8.8 ft³/min..

The air inlet is approximately 16" above the floor level at the rear of the Vipros 357 Queen

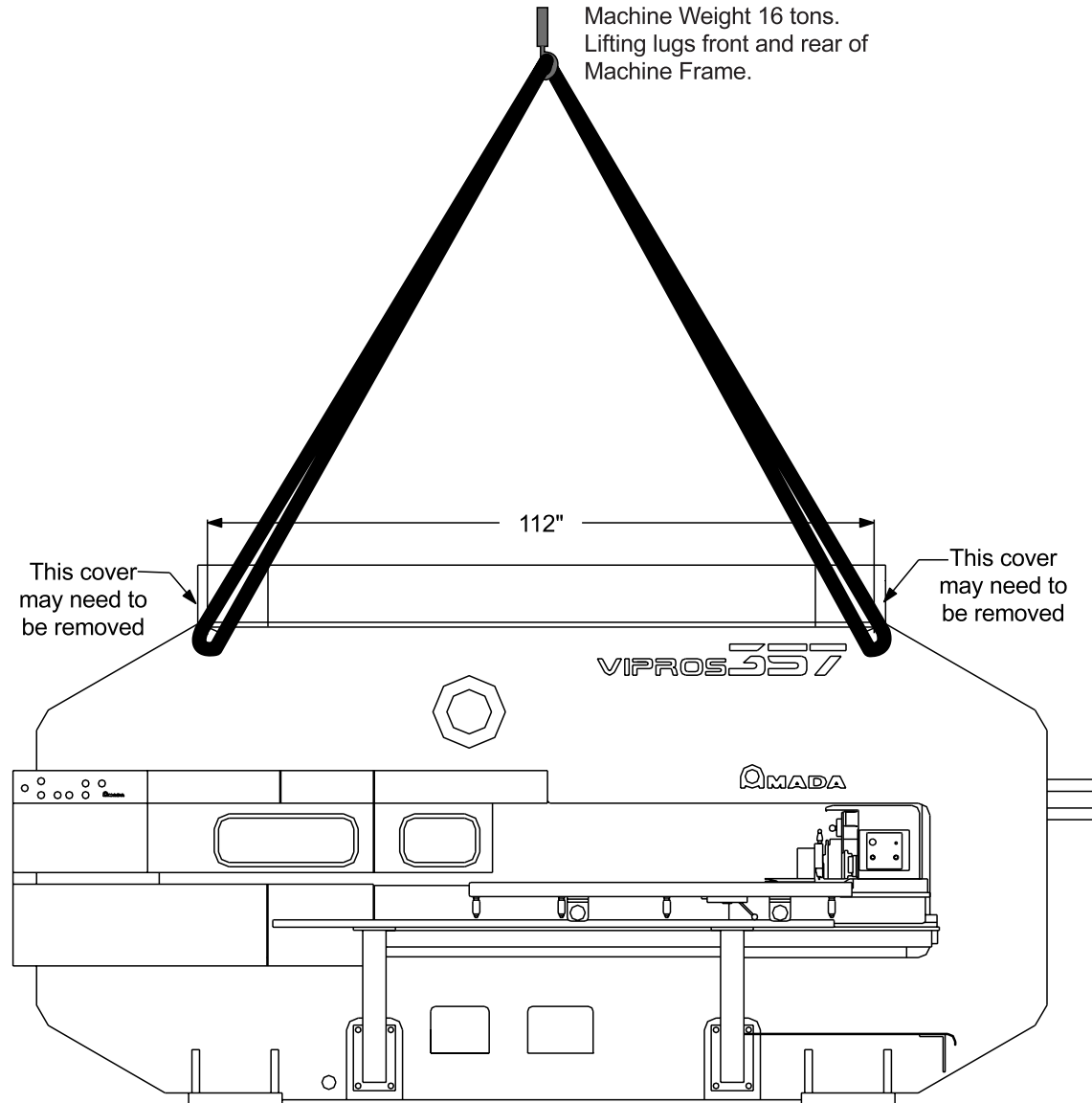


Planning the Location of the Machine

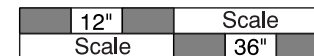
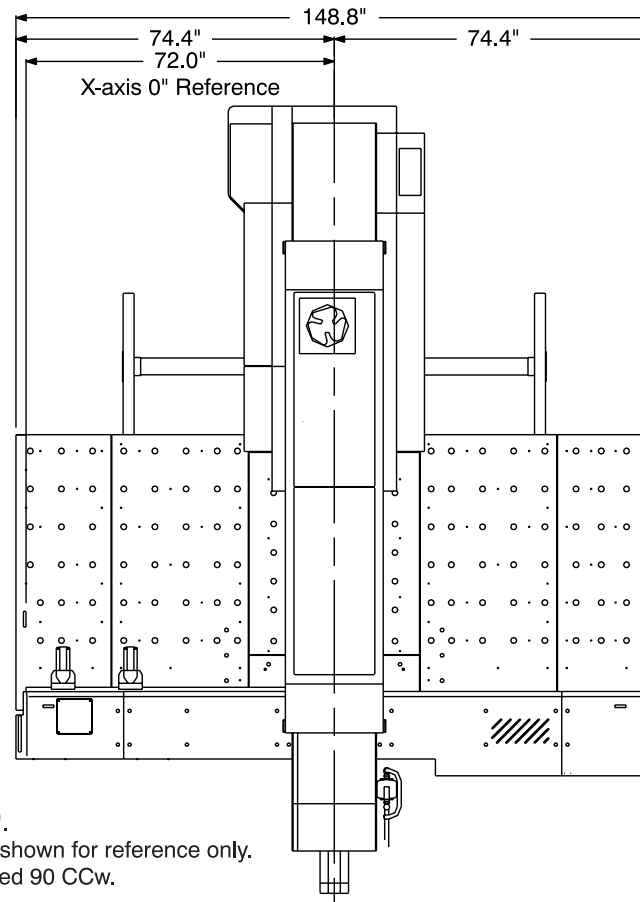
The following diagrams provide the details for positioning your new machine.

- ☐ No obstacles are allowed in the worksheet travel area and the ceiling must be at least 40" above the top of the Vipros 357 Queen.
- ☐ All of the maintenance areas recommended should be used, but you must at least ensure that the doors of the Fanuc O4PC NC unit can be opened.
- ☐ The Vipros 357 Queen and Fanuc O4PC control must be protected from direct sunlight or other heat sources.
- ☐ The positioning of the SBC EX 5.5 Chiller is very flexible. Please see the SBC EX 5.5 Chiller section in this booklet.

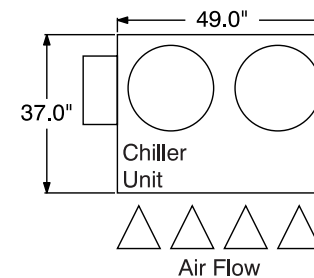
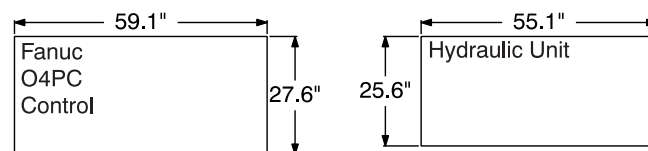
Lifting the Machine



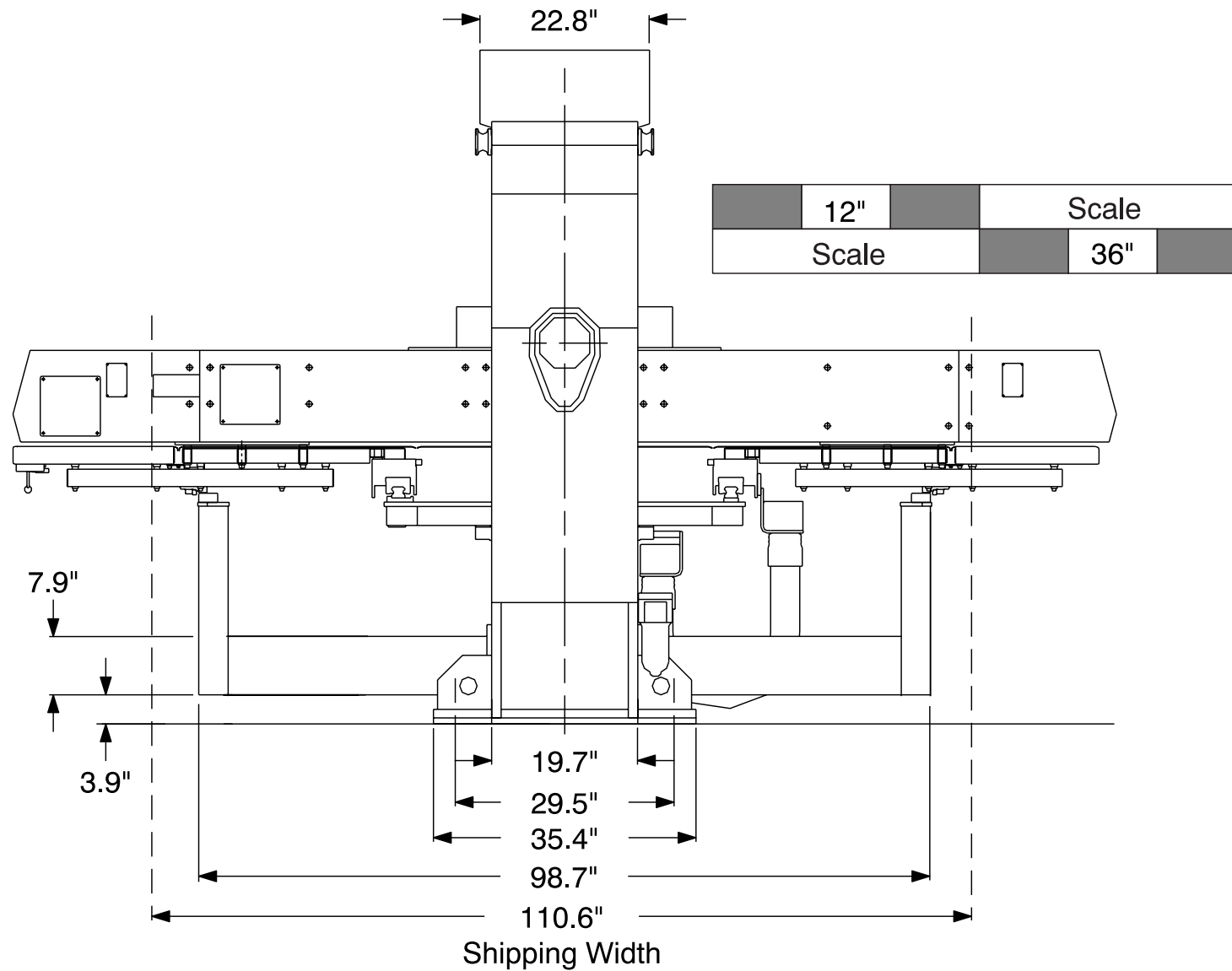
Machine Dimensions - Plan View



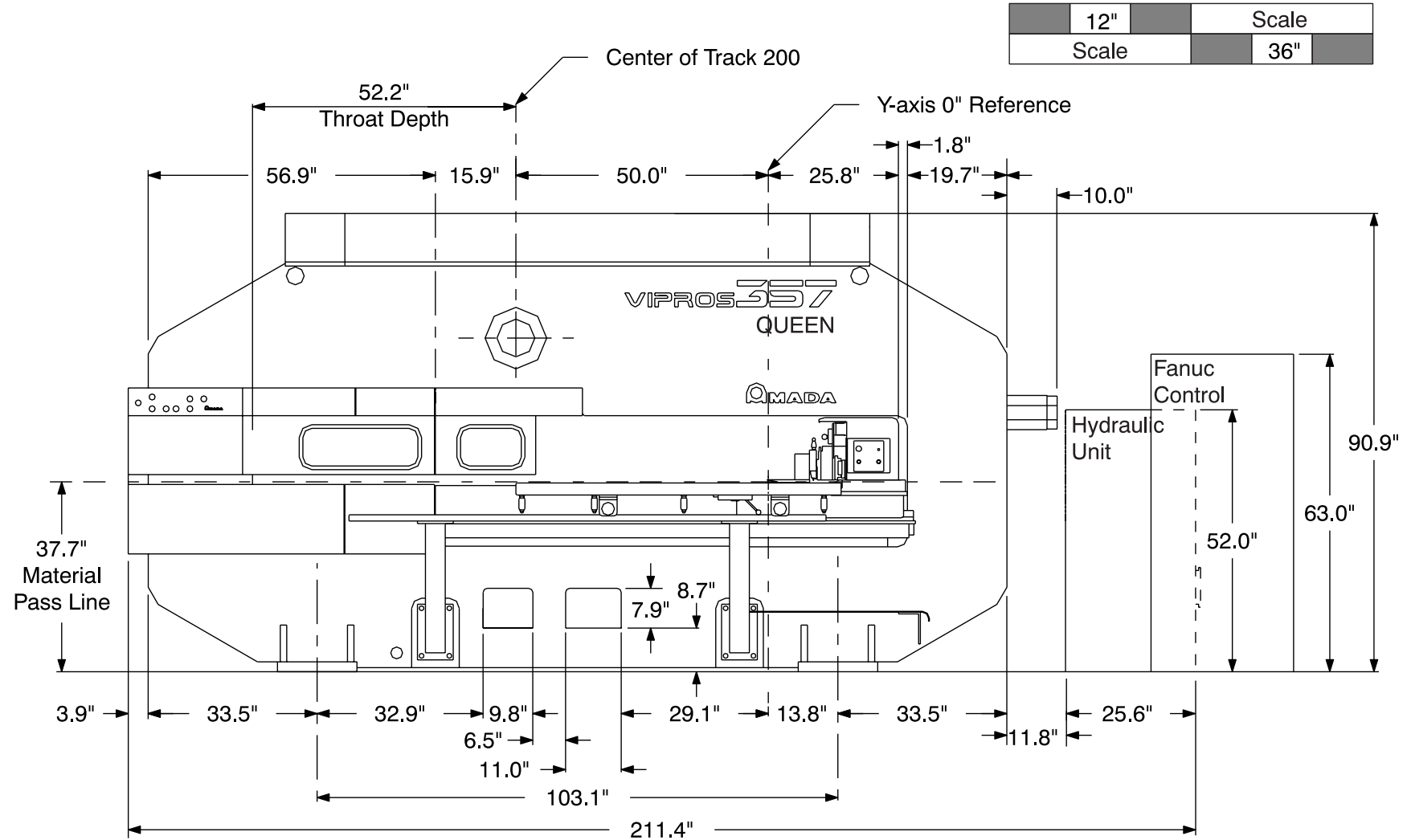
Shipping Width 10'6".
Chiller Unit location shown for reference only.
Control may be rotated 90 CCw.



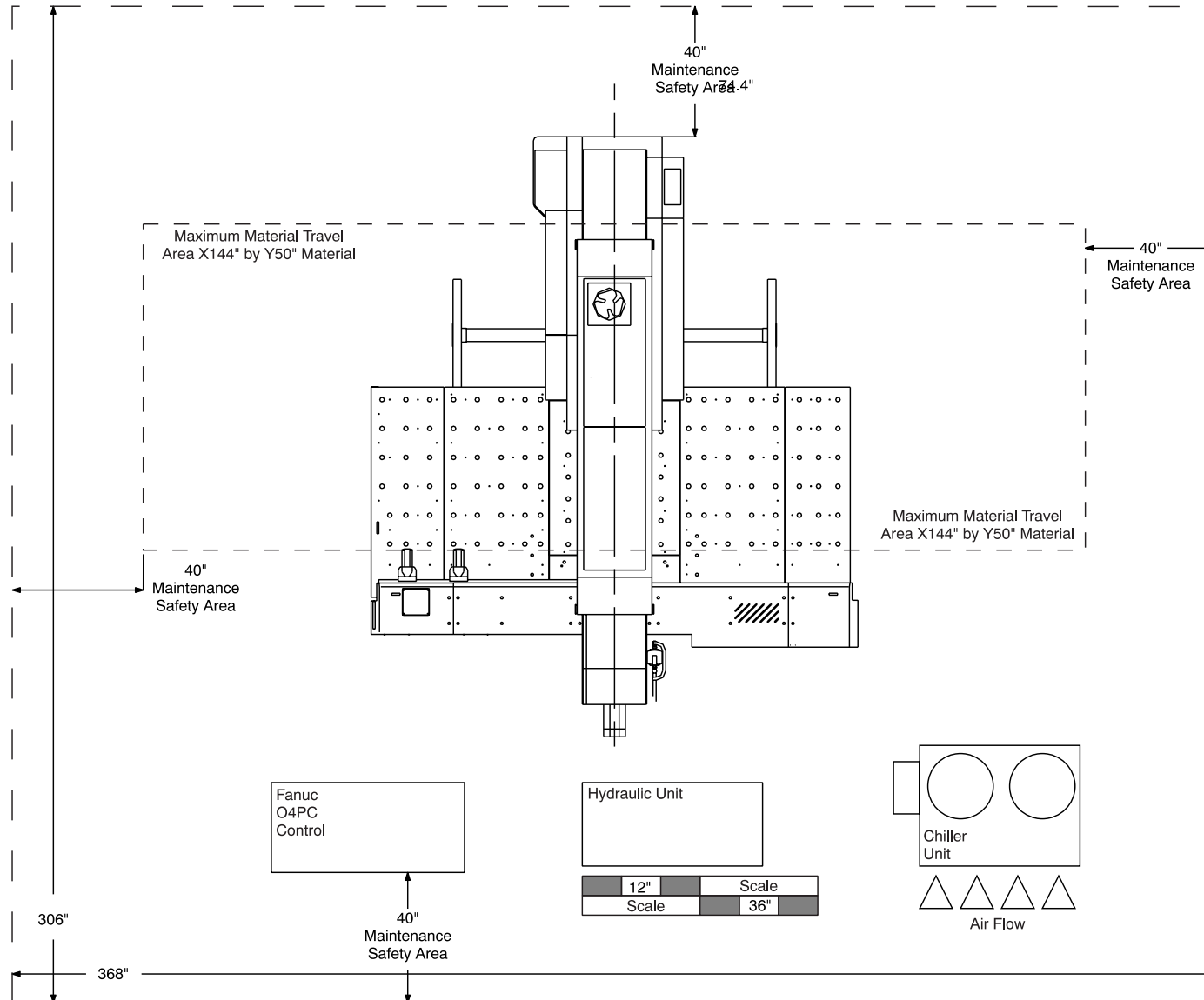
Machine Dimensions - End View



Machine Dimensions - Elevation View



Maintenance Areas



SBC EX 5.5 Chiller

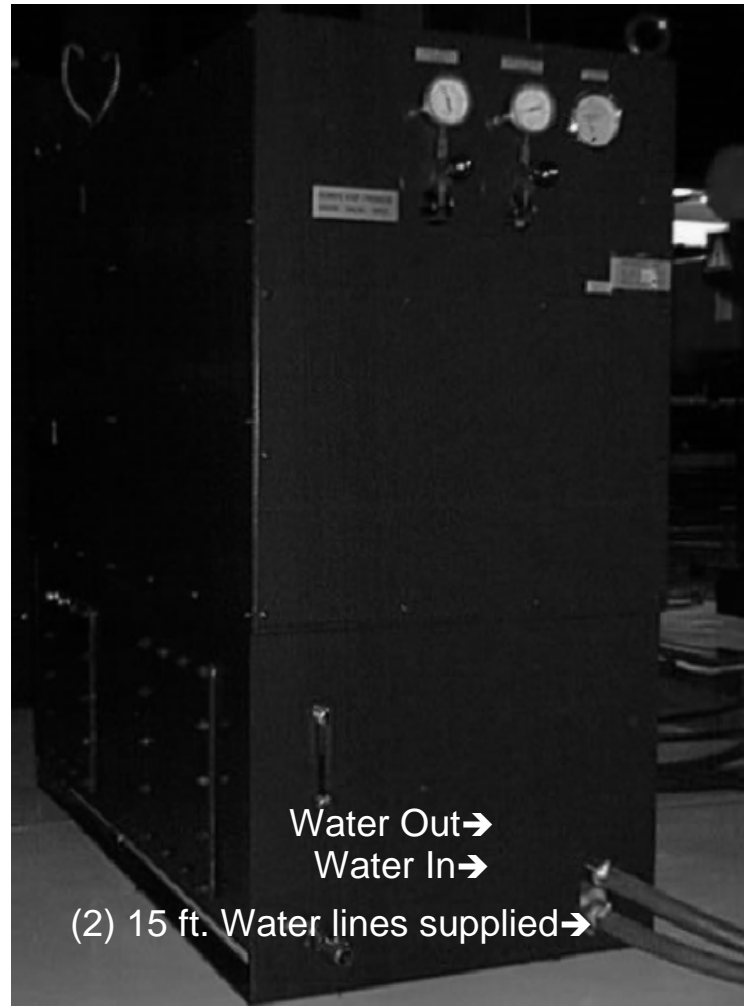
Model	SBC EX 5.5
Cooling Capacity	78,000 BTU/hour at 65 ⁰ ambient air temperature
Water Volume	10-15 GPM at 35 p.s.i.
Reservoir Capacity	70 Gallons
Pump HP	1 hp single phase

The SBC EX 5.5 Chiller is very important to the reliable operation of the Vipros 357 Queen.

- ☐ The SBC EX 5.5 Chiller must be placed so that an adequate flow of air is maintained.
- ☐ The position of the SBC EX 5.5 Chiller is flexible. The Vipros 357 Queen is supplied with two (2) fifteen-foot lengths of hose to connect the SBC EX 5.5 Chiller to the Vipros 357 Queen Hydraulic Unit. The customer may supply a longer length of hose if required.
- ☐ Under normal operating conditions the SBC EX 5.5 Chiller may be placed against walls as shown. However for maintenance purposes access to all sides of the SBC EX 5.5 Chiller may be required.
- ☐ The SBC EX 5.5 Chiller must have a minimum of 60" of clearance above the SBC EX 5.5 Chiller for proper airflow.

Chiller Connections

Vipros 357 Queen Hydraulic Unit

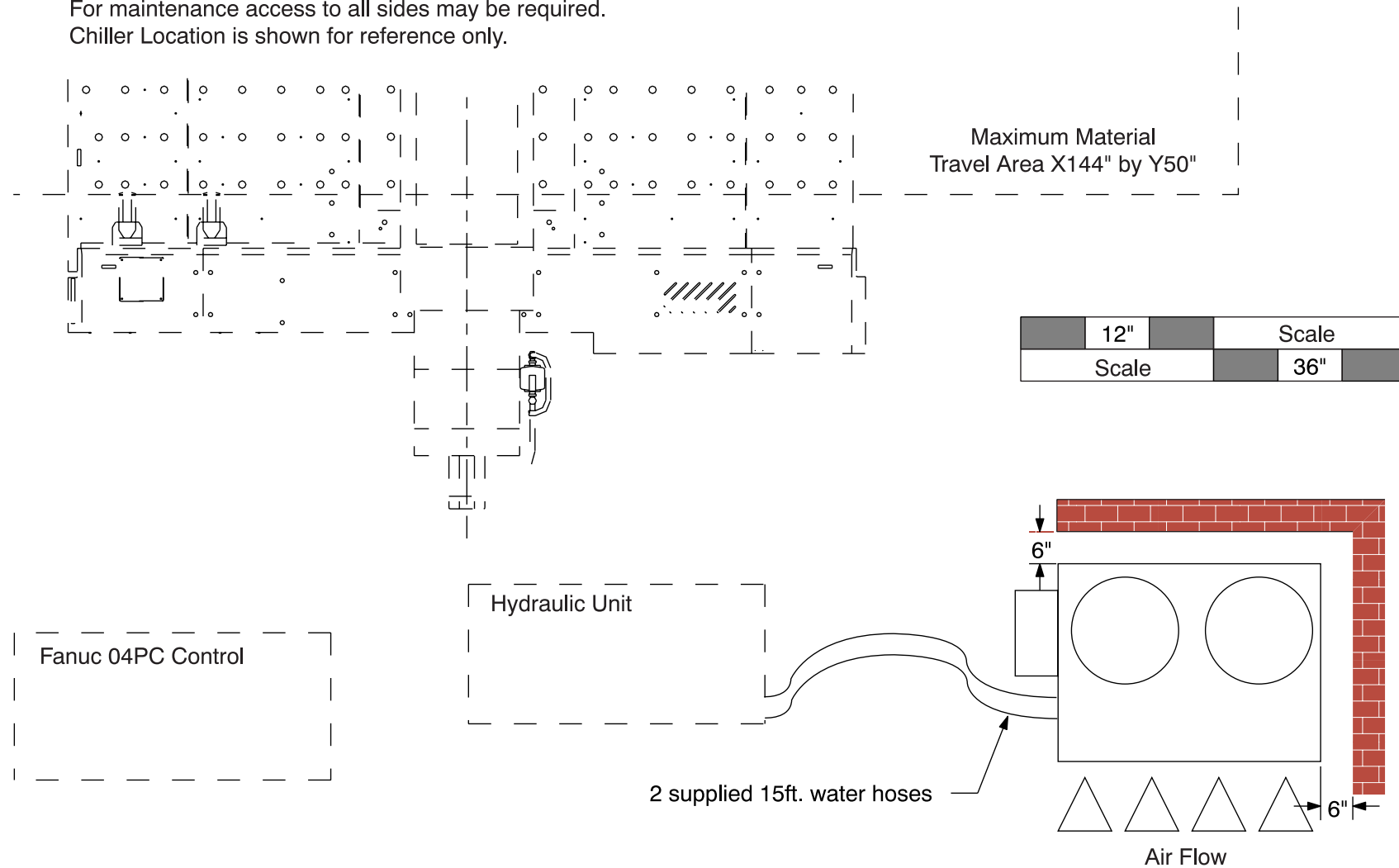


SBC EX 5.5 Chiller



Chiller Placement

Under normal operation the chiller may be placed against walls as shown.
For maintenance access to all sides may be required.
Chiller Location is shown for reference only.



Foundation Requirements

The Vipros 357 Queen does not require a special foundation to perform as expected, however there are minimum requirements that an existing floor must meet in order to assure machine reliability and tool life. If the existing floor does not meet the following minimum requirements, plans for a recommended foundation are given in the section *Foundation Anchoring Procedure*

The minimum acceptable floor conditions to assure a successful installation are:

- ☐ The area of the floor where the machine frame is to be located must be a single, homogeneous slab in good condition. There must be no cracks or other signs of deterioration of the floor.
- ☐ The floor must be 4" to 6" thick.
- ☐ The floor must be capable of supporting 3.5 tons/ft².
- ☐ The floor must be level to 0.032"/ft.

If the existing floor meets the minimum requirement list above, it must still be inspected carefully when the anchor-bolt holes are cut. Voids under the floor, or wetness (not associated with the hole cutting procedure) should be considered signs of an inadequate floor and a new machine location or new foundation must be considered.

It is the customer's responsibility to determine that the floor meets these minimum requirements. Placing the machine on an inadequate, cracked floor, or straddling seams in a floor may be grounds for voiding the machine warranty!

Amada America, Inc. does not recommend the use of vibration isolating mounts under the machine feet, as these devices have been shown to increase the vibration within the machine frame, increasing the likelihood of vibration related problems. Solid leveling devices are acceptable provided they incorporate a means of anchoring the machine to the floor with the supplied J-bolts.

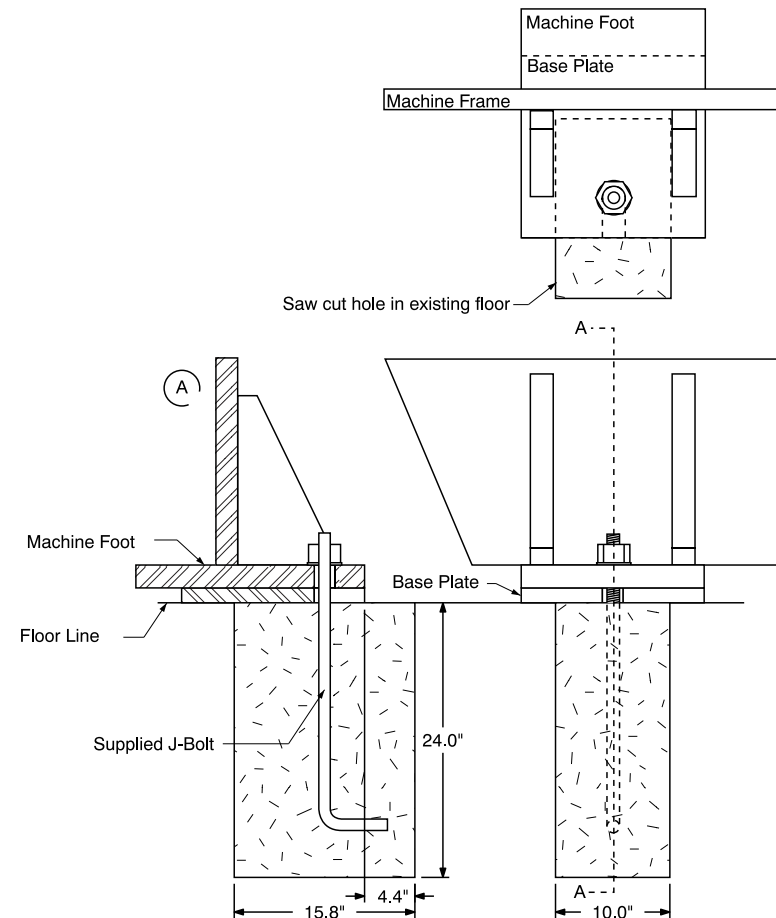
Machine Anchoring Requirements

To maintain machine reliability, extend tool life, and remain level over an extended period the Vipros 357 Queen must be anchored in place on an adequate floor or foundation.

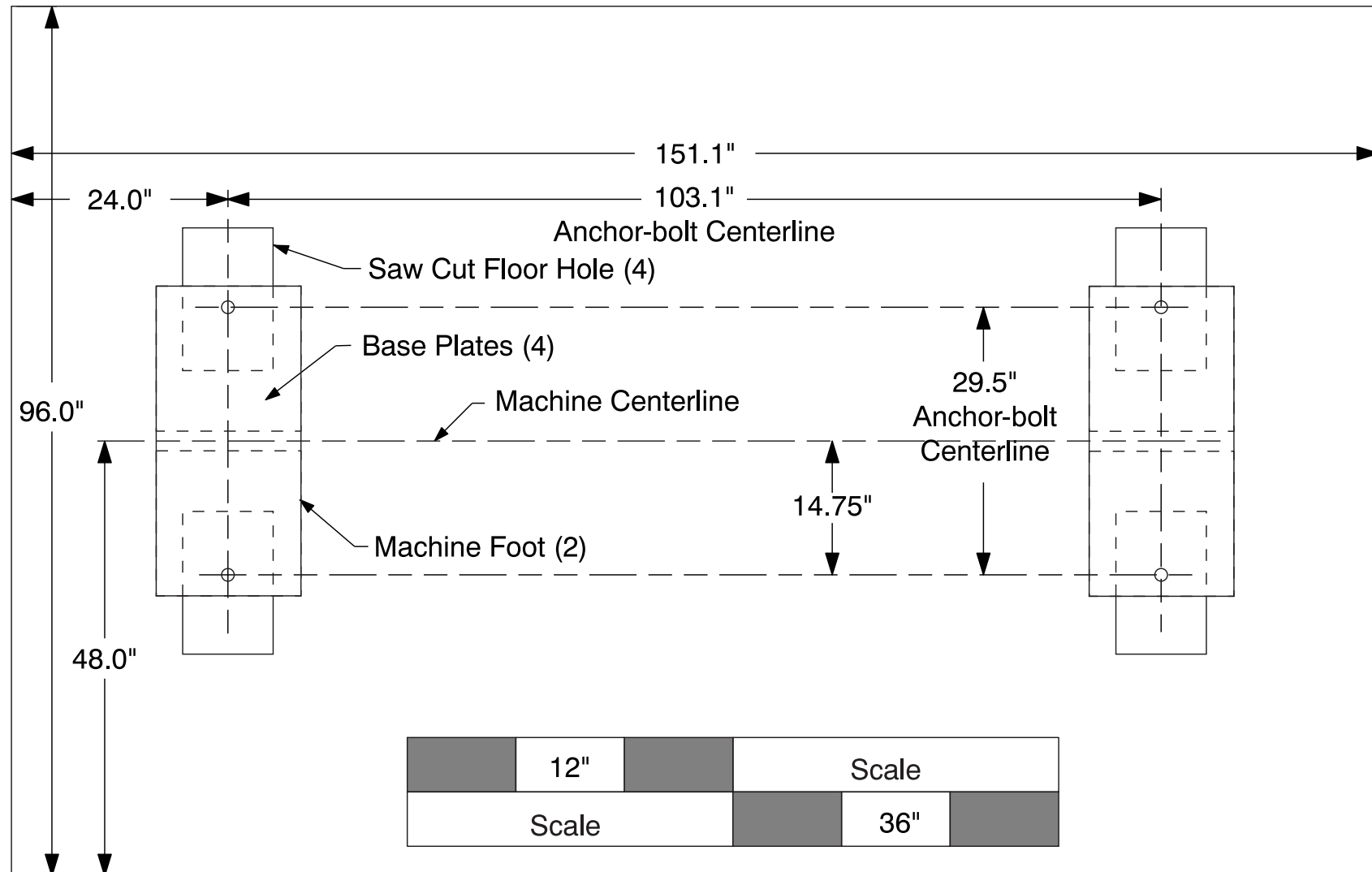
At a minimum the floor must consist of a single, homogeneous slab, level to within 0.032"/ft², and capable of supporting 3.5 tons/ft². It is the purchaser's responsibility to determine that the floor meets these minimum requirements.

Floor J-bolt Mounting Hole Detail (saw cut hole)

This machine mounting method should be used only if the floor is of such quality that it will support the weight of the machine with the anchor J-bolts used only for maintaining the location of the machine.

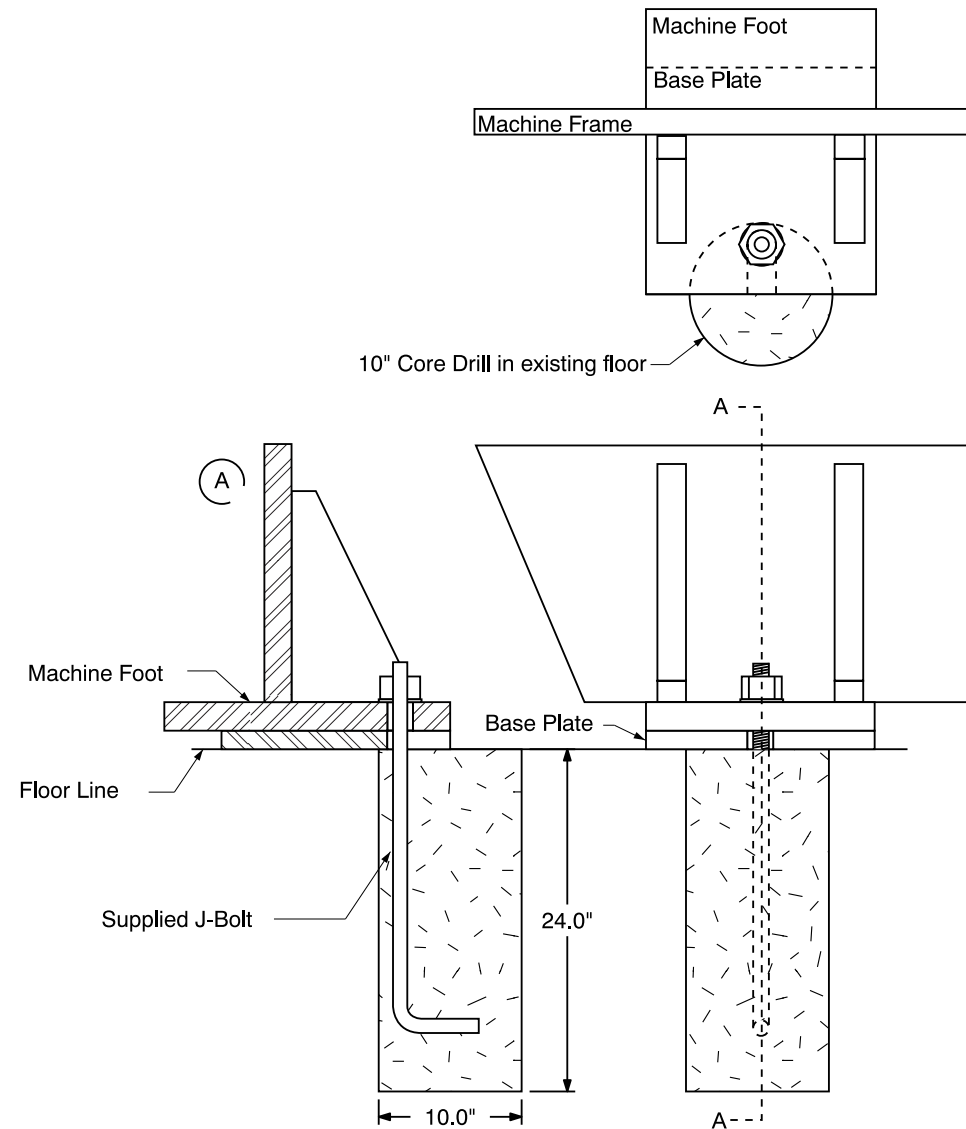


Floor J-bolt Mounting Hole Plan View (saw cut hole)

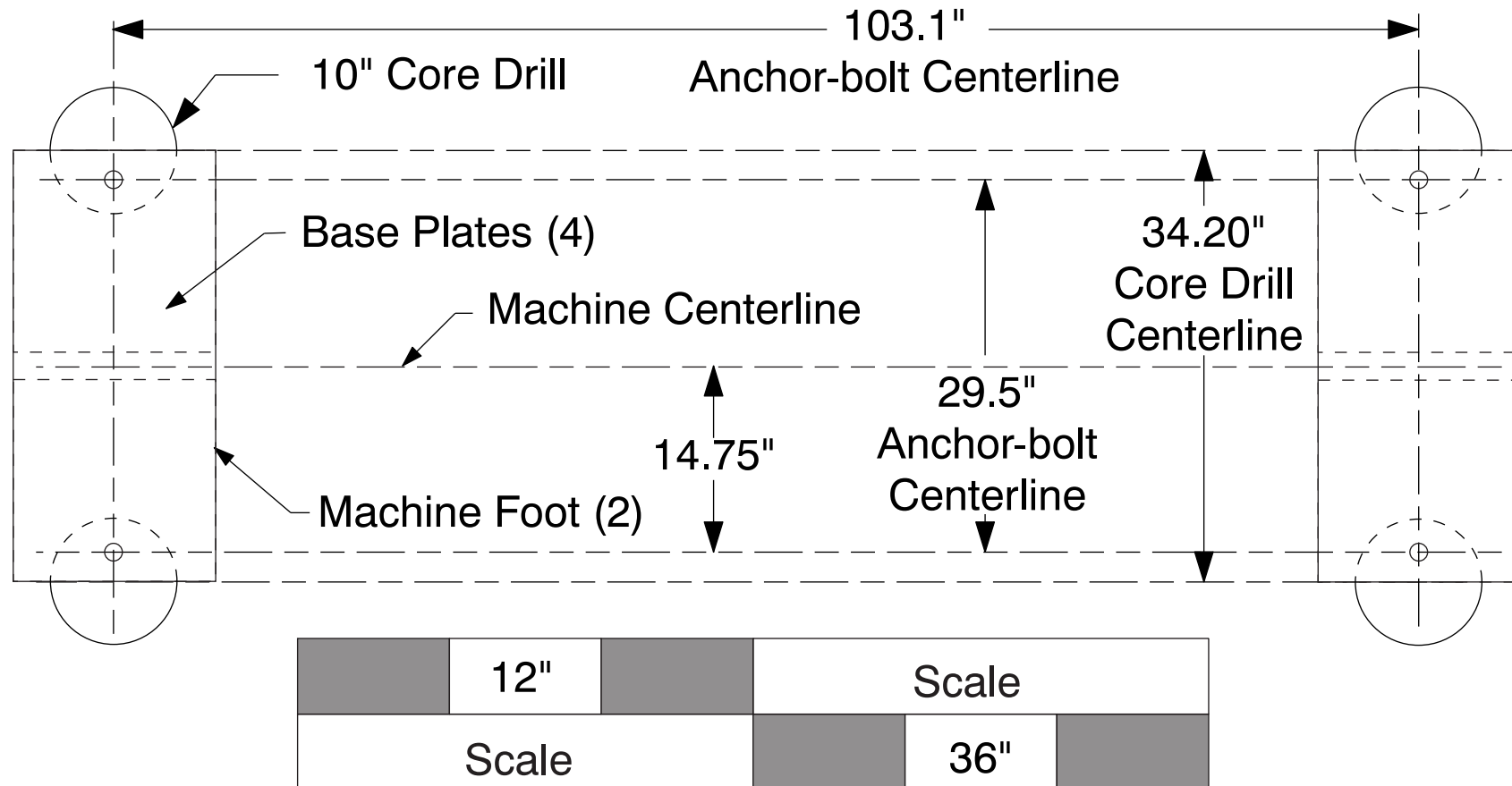


Alternative Floor J-bolt Mounting Hole Detail (Core Drill)

This machine mounting method should only be used if the floor is of such quality that it will support the weight of the machine with the anchor J-bolts used only for maintaining the location of the machine.



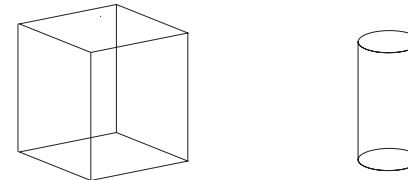
Alternative J-bolt Mounting Method Plan View (Core Drill)



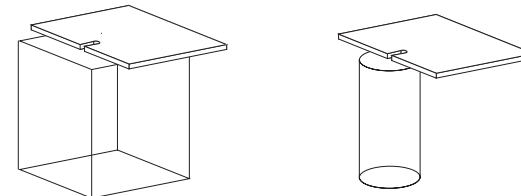
Floor J-bolt Mounting Procedure

- Step 1. Saw cut or Core drill a hole in the existing floor and remove the underlying dirt to the required 24" depth.

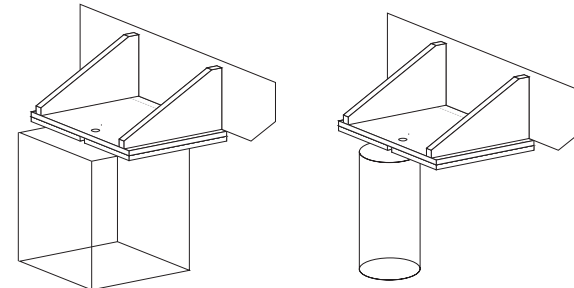
See *Floor J-bolt Mounting Hole Plan View (saw cut hole)* or *Alternative J-bolt Mounting Method Plan View (Core Drill)* for correct layout dimensions of the four anchor holes required.



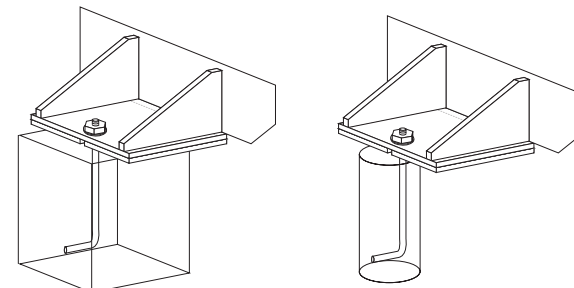
- Step 2. Set base plate over the hole.



- Step 3. Set the machine on the base plate.



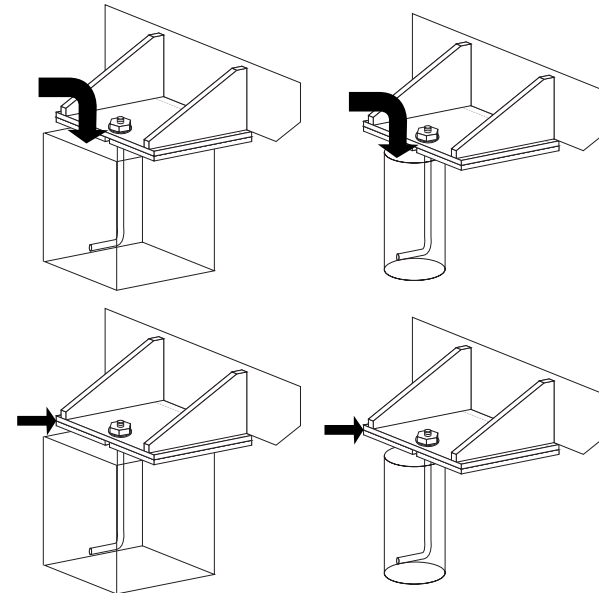
- Step 4. Set the J-bolt through the hole in machine foot, attach washer and nut to hold J-bolt in place.



- Step 5** **Pour the Concrete.**
Ensure that the J-bolt remains correctly aligned to the machine frame during the pouring and hardening time of the concrete.
Ensure that the concrete level is equal to the floor level

- Step 6.** To complete the mounting procedure, level the machine frame by inserting leveling shims between the machine foot and base plate.

See *Leveling the Machine* section for correct procedure.



Foundation Anchoring Procedure

An ideal foundation is given on the following pages. This foundation must be used if the existing floor cannot meet the minimum requirements to support the machine.

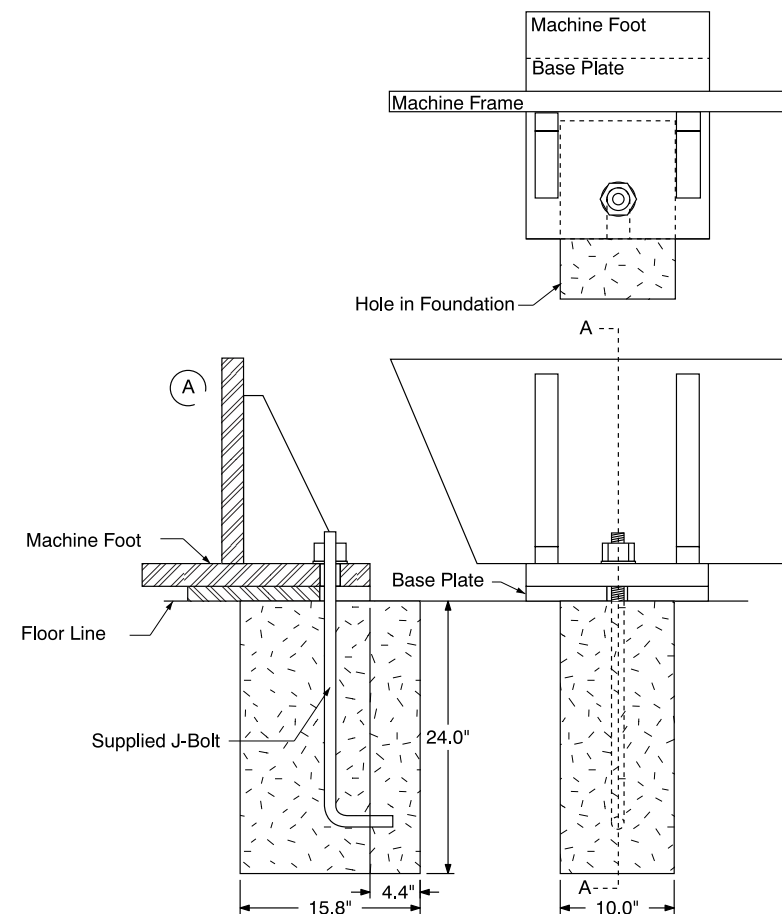
The foundation must consist of a single, homogeneous slab. The foundation must be level to within 0.032" / ft. Anchoring the Vipros 357 Queen to the floor using the anchor-bolts supplied is essential to ensure reliable performance. Amada generally recommends that the foundation have a minimum load bearing capacity of 3.5 ton/ft². It is the purchaser's responsibility to determine that the foundation meets these requirements.

Please note the following:

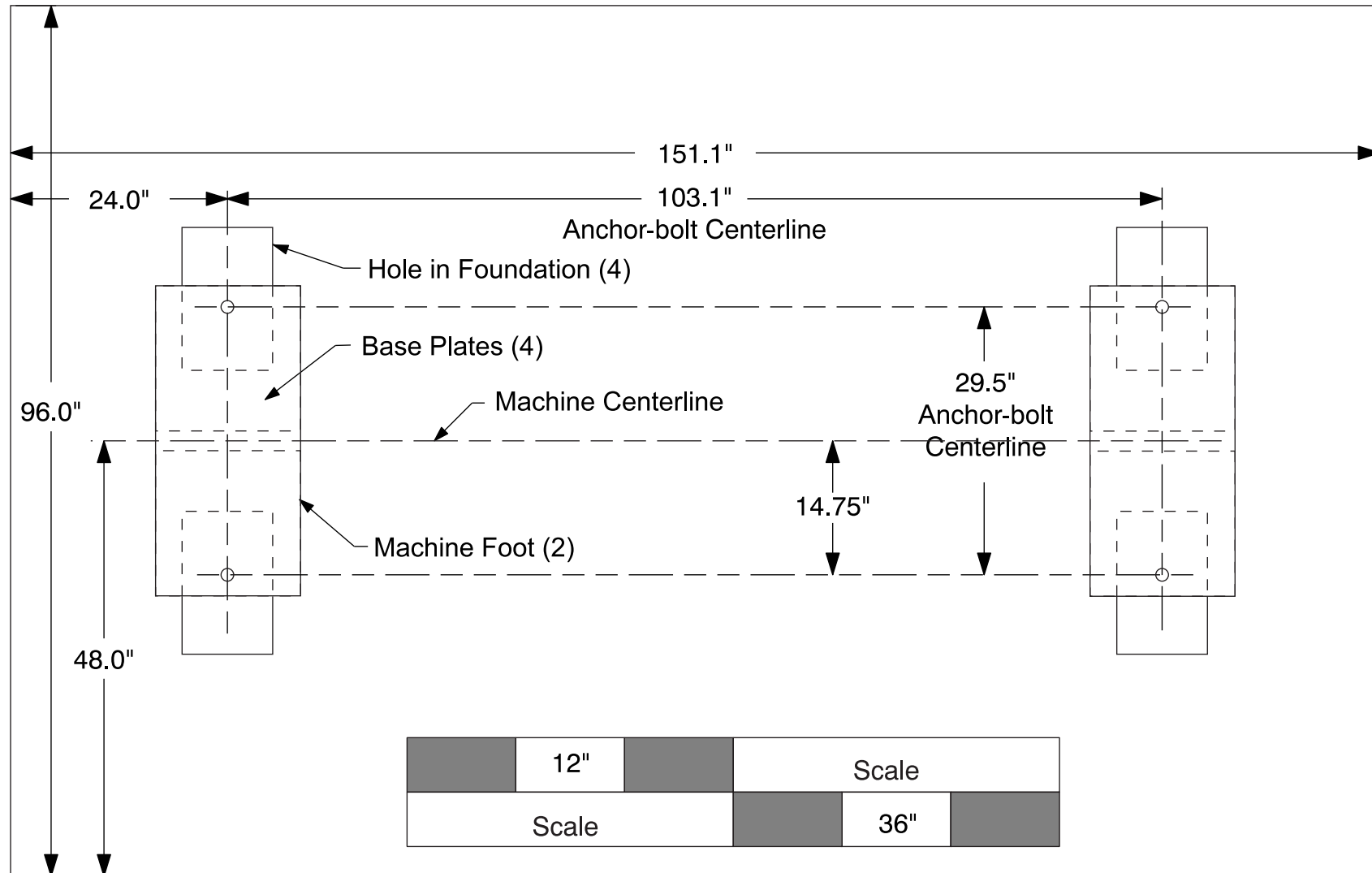
- ☐ The base plates, shims, anchor bolts, nuts, and washers are shipped with the Vipros 357 Queen.
- ☐ The concrete J-bolt pads should be filled after the machine is placed on the foundation.

Foundation J-bolt Detail

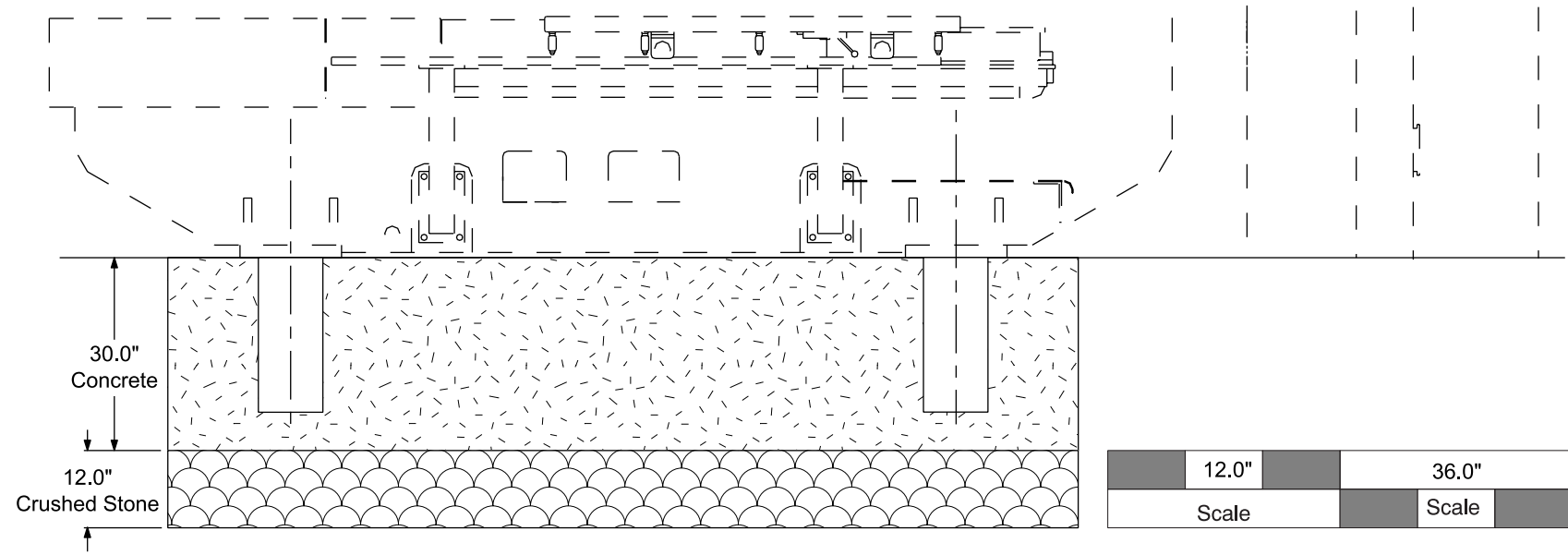
See *Floor J-bolt Mounting Procedure* for proper method of mounting machine on foundation.



Foundation Plan View



Foundation Elevation View

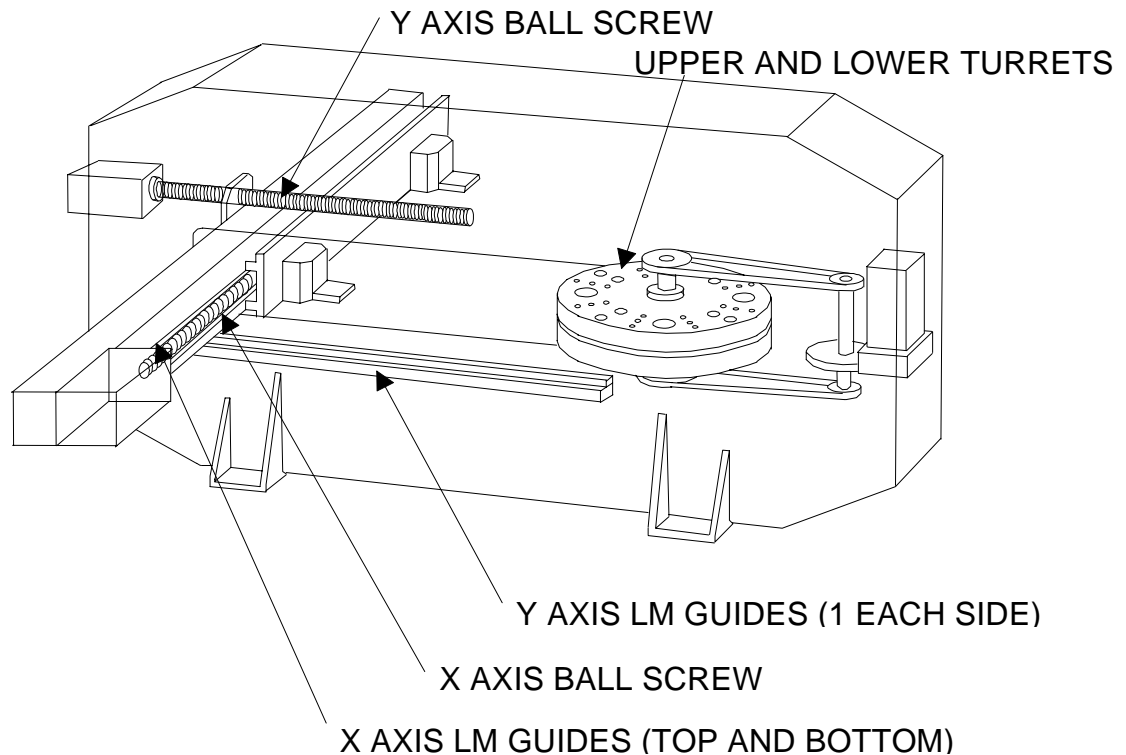


Removing the Protective Coating

The Vipros 357 Queen must be thoroughly cleaned of protective coating. The sheet metal guards can be removed from around the turret to allow cleaning of the upper and lower turrets, tool bores and die holders.

Please note the following:

- ☐ Remove the wrapping paper from the X and Y-axes ball screws then remove the protective coating.
- ☐ Remove the wrapping paper from the X and Y LM guides then remove the protective coating, make sure that you remove the paper from both sides of the carriage.
- ☐ Clean die holders one at a time. Remove a die holder, clean and replace it before removing the next die holder. If the die holders are mixed up, serious turret alignment problems may occur.
- ☐ A suitable solvent should be used to remove the protective coating.



Machine Leveling

Proper Machine leveling is critical to the Vipros 357 Queen performing as designed.

Materials and tools required:

Supplied with the machine:

- Assorted thickness machine leveling shim stock

- Anchor bolts

Supplied by AESI service:

- Spirit level capable of reading 0.0005"/ft

- One (1) 12 ton hydraulic bottle jack

Not supplied:

- Additional shim stock of 0.005" thickness may be required to achieve a properly leveled machine.

Rocking Test

After the machine frame has been leveled the use of the following G-code is necessary to determine that the machine frame is properly leveled and balanced.

Should the machine frame vibrate or move excessively during the rocking test the machine frame must be re-leveled using the procedure in this manual.

Should the proper leveling technique not eliminate the excessive frame motion, consideration must be given to relocation of the machine or replacement of the existing floor with an adequate foundation.

Set M500 values to Top Position 0.080", Bottom Position, 0.080", Slow Position 0.000"

Repeat test with X-axis movement values of 0.500", 1.000", and 4.000"

G9272.000.Y50.000

G06A.100B0

M500

N1

G91X-.25TTTT (Use any valid tool number)

X.25

M97P1

G50

Floor Condition: Crowned

The flatness of the floor plays an important step in the leveling procedure of the machine. To properly level the machine the weight bearing points must be as far from the centerline of the machine frame as possible.

Should a condition known as crowning exist the weight bearing points of the machine may not be far enough from the machine centerline to ensure a stable machine.

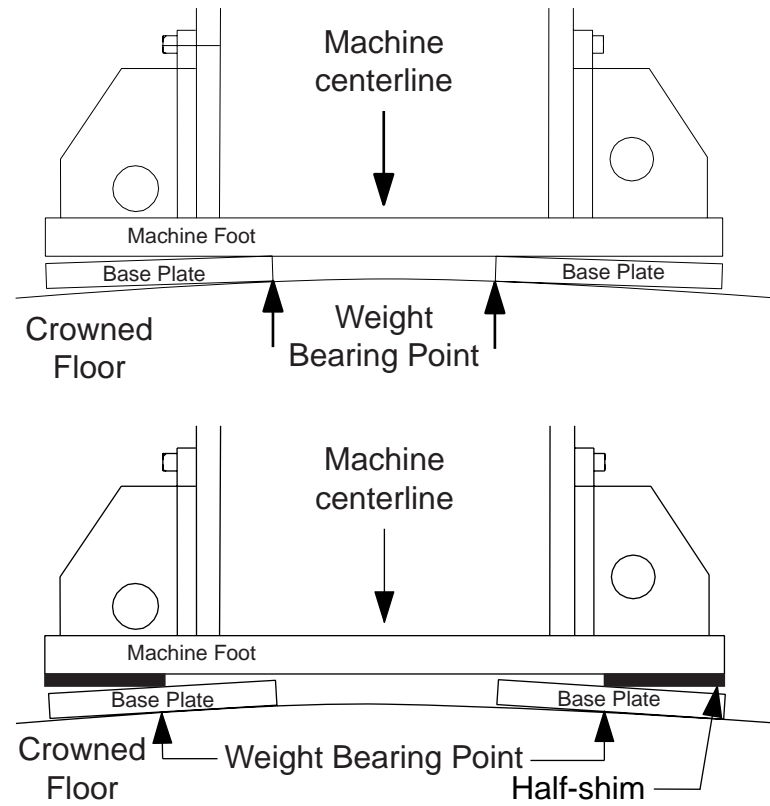
Under these conditions a procedure known as *Half-Shimming* should be used.

To move the weight bearing points further from the machine centerline the use of half-shims of .125" thick on top of the base plate as shown is recommended.

After the half-shims are installed and the machine frame is leveled use the rocking test to determine that the machine frame is stable enough to allow production without damaging the machine.

Under extreme conditions the use of half-shims may not move the machine weight bearing points far enough from the machine centerline to ensure the machine frame is stable.

Under these conditions a more suitable location must be found for the machine, or a new foundation for the machine will be necessary.



Floor Condition: Sloped

The slope of the floor plays an important step in the leveling procedure of the machine. To properly level the machine the weight bearing points must be as far from the centerline of the machine frame as possible.

Should the floor slope excessively the weight bearing points of the machine may not be far enough from the machine centerline to ensure a stable machine.

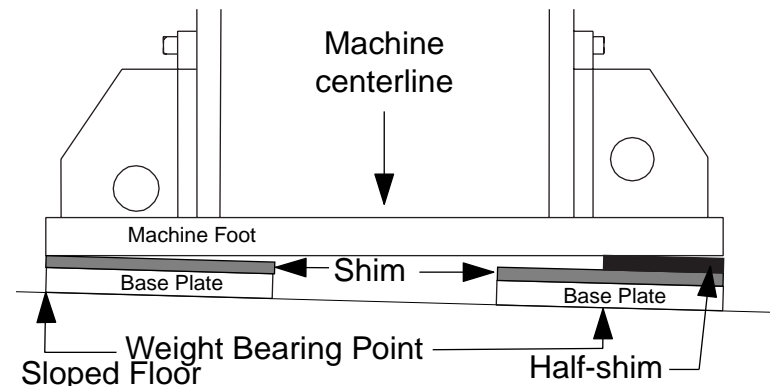
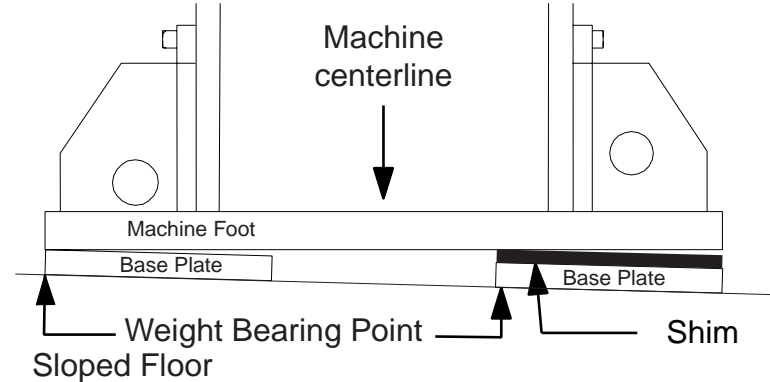
Under these conditions a procedure known as *Half-Shimming* should be used.

To move the weight bearing points further from the machine centerline the use of half-shims of .125" thick on top of the base plate and leveling shims as shown is recommended.

After the half-shims are installed and the machine frame is leveled, use the rocking test to determine that the machine frame is stable enough to allow production without damaging the machine.

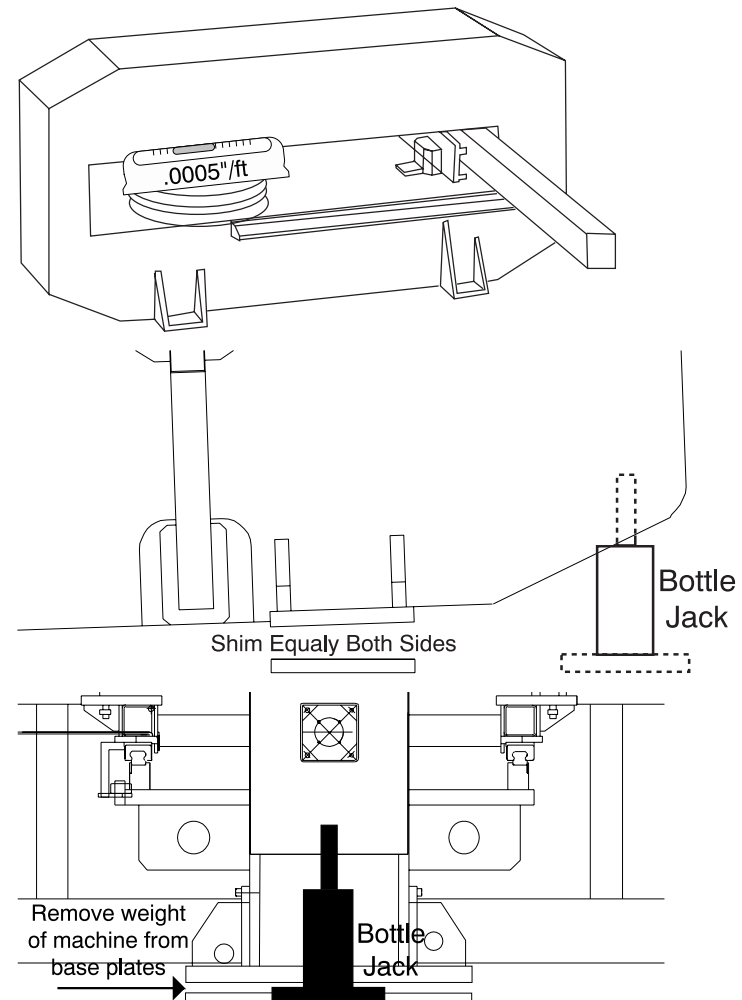
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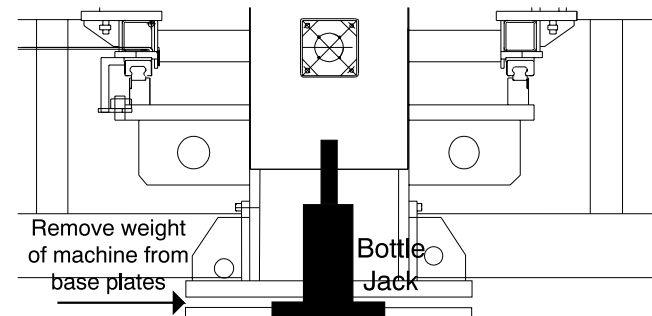
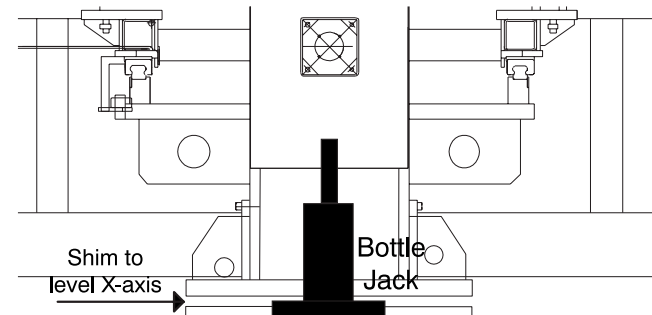
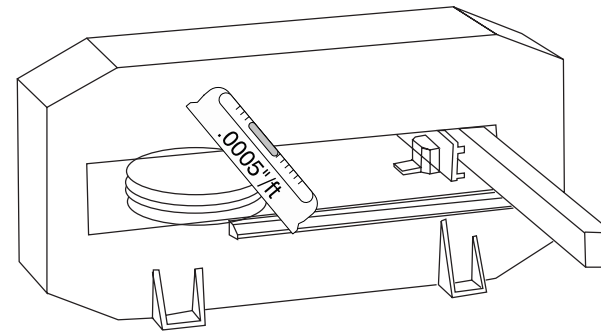


Leveling Procedure

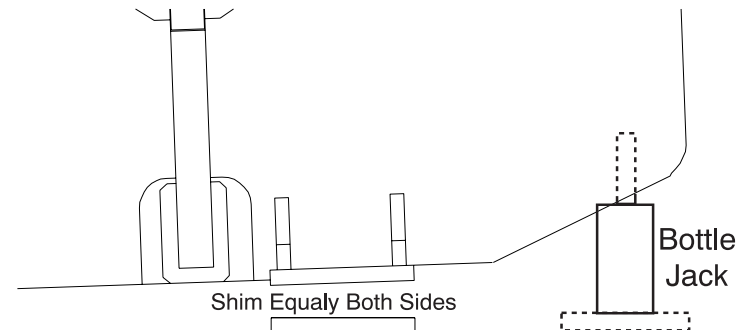
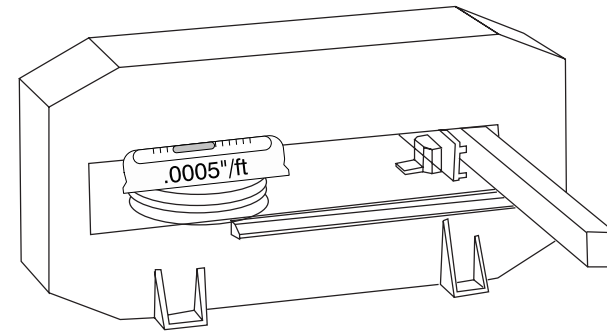
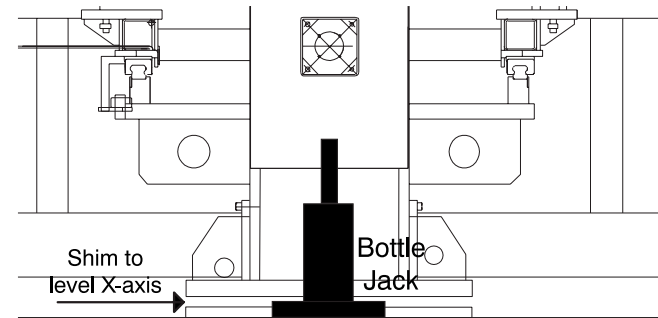
1. Determine the high end of machine frame by placing the spirit level on the turret to measure the level of the machine frame in the y-axis.
2. Use the bottle jack to lift the low end of the machine frame.
3. Shim equally between both machine feet and the base plates until the machine frame measures near level on the y-axis with the turret end of the machine frame slightly higher than the carriage end.
4. Center the bottle jack under the carriage end of the machine frame.
5. Lift the machine frame until all weight is off of the machine feet at the carriage end of the machine frame.
6. Lift the machine frame as little as possible to take the weight off of the base plates.



7. With the machine supported on the bottle jack at the carriage end of the machine frame and the machine feet at the turret end of the machine frame, place the spirit level on the turret.
8. Measure and record the level of the turret in the x-axis direction.
9. Lower the machine frame to place all machine feet in contact with the leveling shims and base plates.
10. Lift the turret end of the machine frame to allow shimming between the machine feet and base plates to level the machine frame in the x-axis direction.
11. Repeat steps 3 to 5 until the machine frame measures level to 0.0005"/ft in step 4, then continue.
12. With the bottle jack supporting the weight of the carriage end of the machine monitor the level of the turret in the x-axis as the bottle jack is slowly lowered to place the carriage end machine feet in contact with the base plates.
13. Any change in the level indicates that the carriage end of the machine needs to be leveled.



14. Lift the carriage end of the machine frame to allow shimming between the machine feet and base plates to level the carriage end of the machine frame in the x-axis direction.
15. Repeat steps 6 and 7 until no difference in level is noted when the machine weight is on or off of the base plates and shims, then continue.
16. With all of the machine feet setting on the shims and base plates place the spirit level on the turret to measure and note the level of the machine frame in the y-axis.
17. Using the bottle jack lift the low end of the machine frame and shim equally under both machine feet to level the machine frame in the y-axis.
18. Repeat step 8 to 9 until the machine frame measures level to 0.0005"/ft in the y-axis then continue.
19. Run the machine using the rocking test G-code to determine that the machine frame is leveled adequately. Should excessive movement of the machine frame be noticed check for the conditions discussed in *Floor Condition Crowning* and *Floor Condition Slope*.



20. Tighten the anchor bolt nuts to prevent the machine frame from moving when in use. Monitor the machine level while tightening the anchor bolts to assure the machine level is not changed.

